Removable Plugs

Input: 100  $\Omega$  to 1 M $\Omega$  Potentiometer

**Output:** 0-1 V to ±10 VDC, or 0-2 mA to 20 mADC

- Accepts Most Full-Range Potentiometers
- Factory Ranged Voltage or Current Output
- Removable Plugs for Faster Installation
- Full 1200 V Input/Output/Power Isolation
- Input and Output LoopTracker® LEDs
- Functional Output Test Button
- Selectable Sink/Source for Current Output

#### **Applications**

- Over, Under, Out-of-Range Position Monitoring
- Remote Control of Positioning Devices
- Simplify Control of Potentiometer Outputs

## **Potentiometer Input**

3 wire connection and full potentiometer travel is required Consult factory for other ranges and configurations 1 VDC excitation provided to potentiometer

Minimum range:  $0-100 \Omega$ Maximum range:  $0-1~\mathrm{M}\Omega$ Input Impedance

# 100 $\Omega$ to 1 $\text{M}\Omega$ minimum

## **Common Mode Rejection**

100 dB minimum

## LoopTracker

Variable brightness LEDs indicate I/O level and status

#### **DC Output Range**

Factory ranged, please specify output range and type

Voltage: 0-1 VDC to 0-10 VDC, 10 mA max

including offset ranges such as 1-5 V

Bipolar voltage: ±50 mVDC to ±10 VDC

including offset ranges such as -1 to 4 V

Current: 0-2 mADC to 0-20 mADC

including offset ranges such as 4- 20 mA 20 V compliance, 1000  $\Omega$  at 20 mA

**Output Logic** 

Normal (standard) or reverse acting with M01 option

## **Output Calibration**

Multi-turn zero and span potentiometers  $\pm 15\%$  of span adjustment range typical

## **Output Loop Power Supply**

20 VDC nominal, regulated, 25 mADC, <10 mV<sub>RMS</sub> max. ripple May be selectively wired for sinking or sourcing mA output

## **Output Test/Override**

Front button sets output to test level when pressed or via external contact closure

Potentiometer adjustable 0-100% of span

## **Output Ripple and Noise**

Less than 10 mV<sub>RMS</sub>

## Linearity

Better than ±0.1% of span

## **Ambient Temperature Range and Stability**

-10°C to +60°C operating ambient Better than ±0.02% of span per °C stability

## Response Time

70 milliseconds typical

1 millisecond typical with DF option

## Isolation

1200 V<sub>RMS</sub> minimum

Full isolation: power to input, power to output, input to output

## **Housing and Connectors**

IP 40, requires installation in panel or enclosure For use in Pollution Degree 2 Environment Mount vertically to a 35 mm DIN rail

Four 4-terminal removable connectors, 14 AWG max wire size

85-265 VAC, 50/60 Hz or 60-300 VDC, 2 W maximum D versions: 9-30 VDC or 10-32 VAC 50/60 Hz, 2 W maximum











0.89" W x 4.62" H x 4.81" D

Height includes connectors

22.5 mm W x 117 mm H x 122 mm D

The APD 4003 accepts a resistance input from potentiometer,

slidewire, linear position, displacement, or rotational devices

and provides an optically isolated DC voltage or current output

The APD 4003 will accept any potentiometer with a value of

0-100  $\Omega$  through 0-1 M $\Omega$  without recalibration and without

affecting accuracy. The APD 4003 output is factory ranged.

Consult factory for offsets and/or input ranges other than 0 to

The full 3-way (input, output, power) isolation makes this mod-

ule useful for ground loop elimination, common mode signal

The APD 4003 has a 20 VDC loop excitation supply for the

output. This power supply can be used to power a passive mA

device. If not required, the APD 4003 output can be wired as

100% of the potentiometer range or see the APD 4008.

that is linearly related to the potentiometer position.

**Dimensions** 

Description



Output LoopTracker I FD

> **Output Test** Function

Front Zero and Span

Input LoopTracker LED

> Use Anv Potentiometer

Universal Power



a passive output. Sinking/sourcing versatility allows the APD 4003 to produce a powered or unpowered mA output allowing it to work with powered or unpowered mA devices.

## LoopTracker

API exclusive features include two LoopTracker LEDs (green for input, red for output) that vary in intensity with changes in the process input and output signals. These provide a guick visual picture of your process loop at all times and can greatly aid in saving time during initial startup and/or troubleshooting.

An API exclusive feature includes the test button to provide a fixed output (independent of the input) when held depressed. The test output level is potentiometer adjustable from 0 to 100% of output span.

The output test button greatly aids in saving time during initial startup and/or troubleshooting.

## How to Order

# All models are factory ranged

rejection, and noise pickup reduction.

Sink/Source Output

No need to specify input range if using full-range of potentiometer. Consult factory for special or partial input ranges. Order APD 4003 D for operation on low voltage power.

# Please specify

Model

Output range in volts or mA Options as required

Model	Input	Output	Power
APD 4003	Any full-range potentiometer from	Factory ranged	85-265 VAC, 50/60 Hz or 60-300 VDC
APD 4003 D	0-100 Ohm to 0-1 Mega Ohm	specify range and type	9-30 VDC or 10-32 VAC

## Options-add to end of model number

M01 Input/output reversal, such as 4-20 mA input to

20-4 mA output

DF Fast response time, consult factory. DF option will cause output noise levels greater than standard

U Conformal coating for moisture resistance Accessory-order as separate line item API BP4 Spare 4-terminal plug, black

#### Precautions

WARNING! All wiring must be performed by a qualified electrician or instrumentation engineer. See diagram for terminal designations and wiring examples. Consult factory for assistance.

WARNING! Avoid shock hazards! Turn signal input, output, and power off before connecting or disconnecting wiring, or removing or installing module.

#### **Précautions**

ATTENTION! Tout le câblage doit être effectué par un électricien ou ingénieur en instrumentation qualifié. Voir le diagramme pour désignations des bornes et des exemples de câblage. Consulter l'usine pour assistance.

ATTENTION! Éviter les risques de choc! Fermez le signal d'entrée, le signal de sortie et l'alimentation électrique avant de connecter ou de déconnecter le câblage, ou de retirer ou d'installer le module.

API maintains a constant effort to upgrade and improve its products. Specifications are subject to change without notice. See api-usa.com for latest product information. Consult factory for your specific requirements.



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including nickel, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer or birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more nformation go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

#### Electrical Connections

See model/serial number label for module power requirements, and any applicable options or custom ranges.

Polarity must be observed for output wiring connections. If the output does not function, power supply and wiring polarity.

The potentiometer must be connected to all three signal input terminals as shown. 0-100% of the potentiometer range must be used. The APD 4003 utilizes a stable 1 VDC source to excite the potentiometer.

Potentiometer Input	Terminal
Full scale or high side of potentiometer	9 (+1 VDC)
Zero or low end of potentiometer	10 (–)
Potentiometer wiper arm	11

## Output

If your device requires a current input, determine if it provides power to the current loop or if it must be powered by the APD module.

Use a multi-meter to check for voltage at the input terminals. Typical voltage may be in the range of 9 to 24 VDC. In this case, wire the device to terminals 2 and 4.

Type of Device for Output	– Terminal	+ Terminal
Measuring/recording device accepts a voltage input.	3 (–)	4 (+)
Measuring/recording device accepts a mA (current) input and the input is unpowered or passive. APD module provides the loop power.	3 (-)	4 (+20 V)
Measuring/recording device accepts a mA (current) input and provides power to the current loop.	2 (-)	3 (+)

## Module Power

Check model/serial number label for module operating voltage to make sure it matches available power.

When using DC power, either polarity is acceptable, but for consistency with similar API products, positive (+) can be wired to terminal 13 and negative (-) can be wired to terminal 16.

## Mounting to a DIN Rail

Install module vertically on a 35 mm DIN rail in a protective enclosure away from heat sources. Do not block air flow. Allow 1" (25 mm) above and below housing vents for air circulation.

- 1. Tilt front of module downward and position against DIN rail.
- 2. Clip lower mount to bottom edge of DIN rail.
- 3. Push front of module upward until upper mount snaps into place.

## Removal

- 1. Push up on the bottom back of the module.
- 2. Tilt front of module downward to release upper mount from top edge of DIN rail.
- 3. The module can now be removed from the DIN rail.

#### Calibration

Front-mounted Zero and Span potentiometers are used to calibrate the output to compensate for load and lead variations.

- 1. Apply power to the module and allow a minimum 20 minute warm up time.
- 2. Set the input potentiometer to its minimum value to provide a minimum input to the module.
- 3. Connect an accurate measurement device to the module output. Adjust the module's Zero potentiometer for the exact minimum output desired. The Zero control should only be adjusted when the input signal is at its minimum to produce the corresponding minimum output signal. For example: 4 mA for a 4-20 mA output or -10 V for a ±10V
- 4. Set the input potentiometer at its maximum, and then adjust the module's Span pot for the exact maximum output desired. The Span control should only be adjusted when the input signal is at its maximum. This will produce the corresponding maximum output signal. Example: for 4-20 mA output signal, the Span control will provide adjustment for the 20 mA or high end of the signal.
- 5. Repeat adjustments for maximum accuracy.

## Output Test Function

The output test potentiometer is factory set to provide approximately 50% output. When the test button is depressed it will drive the output side of the loop with a known good signal that can be used as a diagnostic aid during initial start-up or troubleshooting. When released, the output will return to normal.

The Test Cal. potentiometer can be used to set the test output to the desired level. It is adjustable from 0 to 100% of the

Press and hold the Test button and adjust the Test Cal. potentiometer for the desired output level.

#### Operation

The APD 4003 utilizes a stable 1 VDC source to excite the potentiometer. This voltage is stabilized against the potentiometer resistance value variations over the entire operating range.

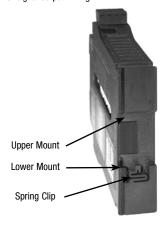
The resulting potentiometer wiper voltage is amplified and passed through an optical coupler to the output stage where it is scaled to the desired output range.

The green LoopTracker® input LED provides a visual indication that a signal is being sensed by the input circuitry of the module. It also indicates the input signal strength by changing in intensity as the process changes from minimum to maximum.

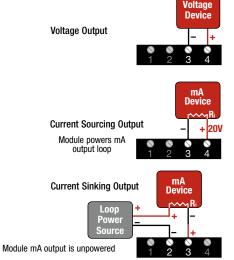
If the LED fails to illuminate, or fails to change in intensity as the process changes, check the module power or signal input wiring. Note that it may be difficult to see the LEDs under bright lighting conditions.

The red LoopTracker output LED provides a visual indication that the output signal is functioning. It becomes brighter as the input and the corresponding output change from minimum

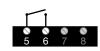
For current outputs, the red LED will only light if the output loop current path is complete. For either current or voltage outputs, failure to illuminate or a failure to change in intensity as the process changes may indicate a problem with the module power or signal output wiring.







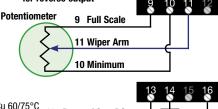




To maintain full isolation and avoid malfunctions, do not connect power supplies in common with input, output or unit power.

Do not connect anything to unused terminals.

Potentiometer Full Scale and Minimum may be switched for reverse output



Cu 60/75°C conductors 14 AWG max.

13 Power AC or DC + 14 **Earth Ground** 

